Building Your 2025 IRA Calendar: Important Dates, Deadlines, and Tax Tips

Finish Report (Deadline)

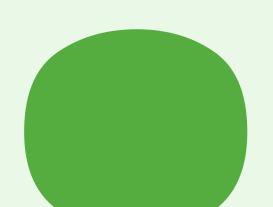
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All information and materials are for educational purposes only. All parties are encouraged to consult with their attorneys, accountants and financial advisors before entering any type of investment.





Today's Agenda

- Reviewing Important Dates and Deadlines for Your SDIRA
- Analyzing New Limits and Laws
- SDIRA Tax Preparation Best Practices





Meet Your Presenter



Tony Unkel

6 Years at Entrust

Educates investors and professionals on tax-preferred retirement accounts and alternative investments



About Entrust



Self-Directed IRA Administrators

Knowledgeable Staff with CISP Certifications



Monthly Educational Webinars



About Entrust



Important Dates and Deadlines in 2025

January 31

- Fair Market Valuation (FMV) Statement
- Required Minimum Distribution (RMD) Statement
- IRS Form 1099-R



Fair Market Value

- Reports the December 31 balance of an individual's IRA.
- Used for RMD calculation.
- Amount may come from the IRA holder.
 - Custodians may use alternatives besides an appraisal
 - Some values may be difficult to acquire promptly
 - Partnerships
 - LLCs



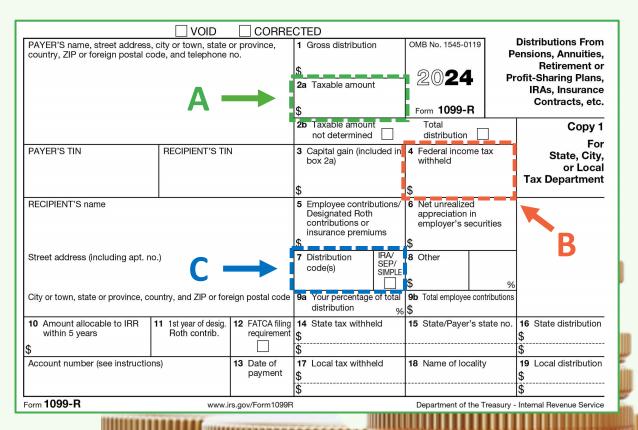
Required Minimum Distribution Notice

- Provided to IRA holders who have an RMD due for the year.
 - Required for traditional IRAs, SEP IRAs, SIMPLE IRAs, and Individual 401(k) plans.
- Failure to take the full RMD will incur a 25% penalty on the portion failed to be distributed. For 401(k) holders, failing. to take an RMD could be cause for plan disqualification.
- Your RMD is due by December 31, but the your first RMD can be extended to April 1 of the following year.

IRS Form 1099-R

Your custodian will issue this form to document any distributions from your account during the calendar year. This form shows:

- A. The taxable amount of the distribution in **Box 2a**
- B. The amount of income tax withholding in **Box 4**
- C. The IRS code that depicts the type of distribution in **Box 7**



March 15

- Tax deadline for S-corporations and Partnerships (see IRS Publications 4951 & 541).
- SEP and Individual 401(k) Plan establishment and contribution deadline for S-corps and partnerships (see IRS Publication 560).

April 1

Deadline for Traditional IRA, SEP, SIMPLE, and Individual 401(k) Plan participants, who turned 73 in 2024 and delayed the distribution of their first RMD, to take their first RMD.

April 15

AKA Tax Day, this is your deadline to:

- Submit your individual tax return (Form 1040).
- Make an IRA contribution (not including extensions).
- Establish and contribute to SEP or Individual 401(k)
 Plans for sole proprietors or C-corporations (see Publication 560).
- Recharacterize a current year contribution, as well as execute a corrective distribution of an ineligible IRA contribution.





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		Single 🔲 Married filing jointly					
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Your first name	and m	iddle initial	Last name			Y	
If joint return, s	pouse'	s first name and middle initial	Last name		100		
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City, town, or p	oost off	ce. If you have a foreign address, also	complete spaces be	elow.	-		
Foreign countr	y name		Foreign p	province/state			
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separately.	9						
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Qualifying widowter).		a Promischedule I, me zz					
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Head of household,							
\$18,650		Subtract line 10c from line 9. This is your adjusted gross income Standard deduction or itemized deductions (from Schedule A)					
If you checked any box under [12				DE A		
Standard Deduction.	13	Qualified business income dedu	ction. Attach Forn	n 6995 or Form 69	30-M		
	14	Add lines 12 and 13					

IRS Form 1040

The form requires taxpayers to disclose their taxable income for the year, determining if you owe additional taxes or get a tax refund.

A. Total IRA distributions reported in **Box 4a**

B. Taxable portion of distributions reported in **Box 4b**

	_			
Income	1a	Total amount from Form(s) W-2, box 1 (see instructions)	1a	
Attach Form(s)	b	Household employee wages not reported on Form(s) W-2	1b	
W-2 here. Also	С	Tip income not reported on line 1a (see instructions)	1c	
attach Forms	d	Medicaid waiver payments not reported on Form(s) W-2 (see instructions)	1d	
W-2G and 1099-B if tax	е	Taxable dependent care benefits from Form 2441, line 26	1e	
was withheld.	f	Employer-provided adoption benefits from Form 8839, line 29	1f	
If you did not	g	Wages from Form 8919, line 6	1g	
get a Form W-2, see	h	Other earned income (see instructions)	1h	
instructions.	i.	Nontaxable combat pay election (see instructions)		
	z	Add lines 1a through 1h	1z	
Attach Sch. B	2a	Tax-exempt interest	2b	
if required.	3a	Qualified dividends	Зb	
	4a	IRA distributions	4b	I 🗲 🛶 R
Standard Deduction for-	5a	Pensions and annuities	5b	
Single or	6a	Social security benefits 6a b Taxable amount	6b	
Married filing separately,	с	If you elect to use the lump-sum election method, check here (see instructions)		
\$14,600	7	Capital gain or (loss). Attach Schedule D if required. If not required, check here	7	
 Married filing jointly or 	8	Additional income from Schedule 1. line 10	8	
Qualifying	9	Add lines 1z, 2b, 3b, 4b, 5b, 6b, 7, and 8. This is your total income	9	
surviving spouse, \$29,200	10	Adjustments to income from Schedule 1, line 26	10	
 Head of household. 	11	Subtract line 10 from line 9. This is your adjusted gross income	11	
\$21,900	12	Standard deduction or itemized deductions (from Schedule A)	12	
 If you checked any box under 	13	Qualified business income deduction from Form 8995 or Form 8995-A	13	
Standard Deduction.	14	Add lines 12 and 13	14	
see instructions.	15	Subtract line 14 from line 11. If zero or less, enter -0 This is your taxable income	15	
For Disclosuro		v Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see separate instructions. Cat. No. 11320B	Form 1040 (2024)	
i or practoadre,	- mad	r Ave, and r aper nork needed of Ave nouse, see separate instructions.	Form 10-10 (2024)	



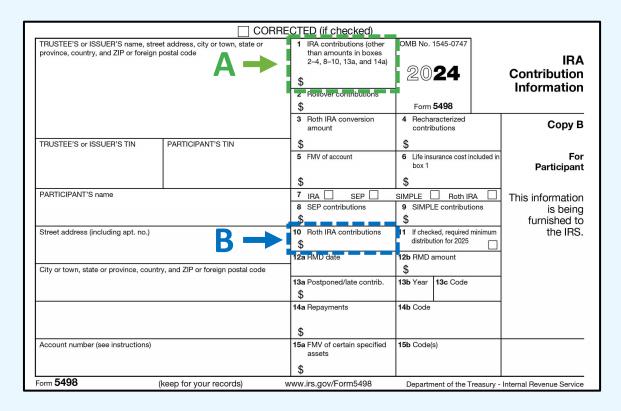


April 30

Deadline for IRA custodians and trustees to mail IRS Form 5498-ESA to IRA holders.

May 31

- IRS Forms 5498 and 5498-SA must be mailed to IRA holders by May 31.
- While IRS Form 5498-SA covers HSA plans, the 5498 reports IRA contributions, rollovers, Roth IRA conversions, and required minimum distributions (RMDs) to the IRS.
 - A. The taxable amount of the distribution in **Box 1**
 - B. The amount of income tax withholding in **Box 10**





May 31

- Deadline for IRA holders to remove excess ESA contributions and earnings for 2023.
- To remove excess contributions, request a withdrawal by contacting your financial institution.

September 15

- Deadline for S-corporations and partnerships (that filed for a tax return extension for 2024) to make contributions.
- The same deadline applies to employers (that filed for a tax return extension) establishing SEP and Individual 401(k) Plans for tax year 2024.
- Deadline for S-corporations and partnerships (that filed for a tax return extension for 2024) to make SIMPLE Plan employer contributions.



October 1

Deadline for existing businesses to establish a new SIMPLE Plan for tax year 2024.

October Continued

15—

- Deadline for C-corporations and sole proprietors (who filed for a tax extension) to establish and contribute to SEP and Individual 401(k) Plans for tax year 2022.
- Taxpayers who filed a tax extension, or filed their taxes timely, must remove or recharacterize a 2022 contribution by this date.
- Deadline for C-corporations and sole proprietors (who filed for an extension) to make SIMPLE Plan employer contributions for tax year 2022.

31—

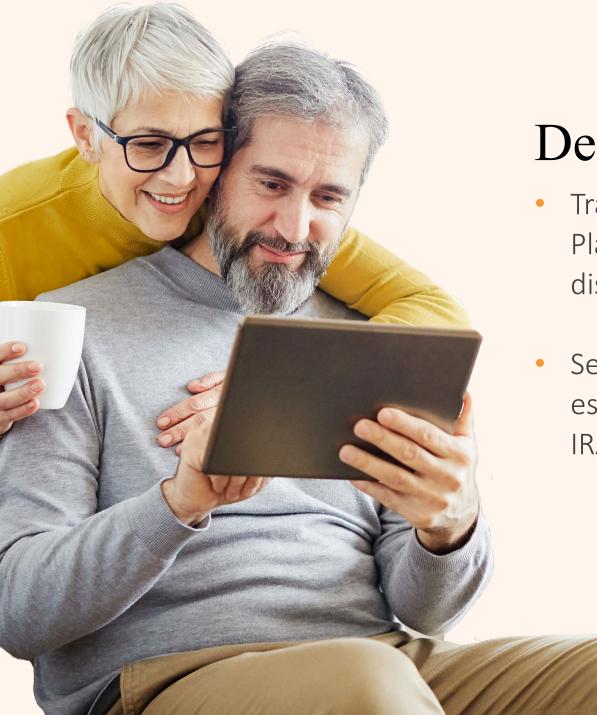
• IRA custodians and trustees must send out the document required to satisfy the SIMPLE Plan notice requirements by this date.

November Deadlines

- 2
- 60 days before the following plan year, businesses must provide notices to their employees about the type of contribution they will be making for tax year 2023.

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 IRA custodians and trustees must send Fair Market Valuation notifications to all clients by the end of the 2nd week in November to update their asset's FMV (except publicly-traded assets with openly available market prices).



December 31

- Traditional IRA, SEP, SIMPLE and Individual 401(k)
 Plan participants (who are older than 72) must distribute their RMD by this date.
- Separate accounts/inherited IRAs must be established by this date for each beneficiary of IRA holders who died in 2022.

New Limits and Laws in 2025



Traditional & Roth IRA Contribution Limits

Contribution Categories	2024	2025
Up to age 50	\$7 <i>,</i> 000	\$7,000
Catch-up contributions age 50+	\$1,000	\$1,000
Total contribution if over the age 50+	\$8,000	\$8,000



Traditional IRA Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) Limits

	Participant Status	2024	2025
	Single individuals	\$77,00 — \$87,000	\$79,00 — \$89,000
	Married, filing a joint tax return	\$123,000 - \$143,000	\$126,000 — \$146,000
	Married, filing separate tax returns	\$0-\$10,000	\$0-\$10,000
2	Spouse of an active participant	\$230,000 — \$240,000	\$236,000 — \$246,000

Roth IRA MAGI Limits

2024	2025
\$146,000 —	\$150,000 —
\$161,000	\$165,000
\$230,000 —	\$236,000 –
\$240,000	\$246,000
	\$146,000 - \$161,000 \$230,000 -

Married, filing separate tax returns \$0-\$10,000 \$0-\$10,000



ROTH IRA

Employer-Sponsored Plan Contribution Limits

SIMPLE IRA	2024	2025
Deferrals	\$16,000	\$16,500
Catch-up contributions age 50+	\$3,500	\$3,500

Total contribution if over the age 50+\$19,500\$20,000

Employer-Sponsored Plan Contribution Limits

SEP IRA	2024	2025
Less of 25% of compensation or:	\$69,000	\$70,000
Compensation limits	\$750	\$750
Maximum compensation cap	\$345,000	\$350,000



Employer-Sponsored Plan Contribution Limits

Individual 401(k)	2024	2025
Employer + employee contributions	\$69,000	\$70,000
Employee elective deferrals	\$23,000	\$23,500
Catch-up contributions age 50+	\$7,500	\$7,500

Health Savings Account Contribution Limits

HSA	2024	2025	
Single Coverage	\$4,150	\$4,300	
Family Coverage	\$8,300	\$8,550	
Catch-up contributions age 55+	\$1,000	\$1,000	

Education Savings Account Contribution Limits

 ESA
 2024
 2025

 Limits per year until child is 18
 \$2,000
 \$2,000





New Laws to Take Effect



Automatic 401(k) enrollment



New 10-year rule for inherited IRAs



Inherited IRA RMD penalties

Getting Ahead of 2025 Tax Season



Top IRA Tax Reminders



Maximizing Your Situation: Build plan to max contributions or plan your tax-loss harvesting.



Gift tax exclusions and qualified charitable donations



College savings plans and spousal IRAs

Up or Down Year? Always Maximize Your Situation

Got a raise or having a good year?

- Taxable compensation required
 - No age limit
 - No maximum income limit
 - Earned income
 - Income subject to Social Security tax
 - Safe-harbor use the W-2 Wage box

Took losses this year?

• Utilize tax harvesting up to \$3,000



Gift Tax and Charitable Donations



You can gift up to \$18,000 for individuals and \$36,000 for married couples, tax-free for them while reducing your taxable estate.



Donations to qualified charities can provide valuable tax deductions, helping reduce your taxable income. Remember that if you receive anything in return, such as tickets or goods, you can only deduct the donation amount that exceeds the fair market value of what you received.



College Savings Plans and Spousal IRAs



College Savings Plans

Save on taxes while saving for your child's college education. If not utilized fully in the future, you can roll to a Roth IRA and continue investing.



Spousal IRAs

Many have a spouse that is ineligible from opening their own IRA (non-working or other disqualifier), but you can open a spousal IRA and contribute on their behalf.

Top IRA Tax Mistakes to Avoid



Dealing in prohibited transactions



Hasty Roth conversions and indirect transfers



Not planning for UDFI and/or UBIT



Dealing with Disqualified Persons



You and Your Spouse



Parents, Grandparents, and Great Grandparents

Children, Grandchildren, and Great Grandchildren



Fiduciaries and Plan Service Providers

Understanding Rules and Consequences

Engaging in disqualified persons or prohibited transactions will disqualify your IRA.

So, the ENTIRE value is considered distributed on the first day of the tax year.





Hasty Roth Conversions and Indirect Transfers

Many complete Roth conversions without considering the tax implications and best timeline to complete. Hasty planning or not planning at all can cost you big on tax day.

When transferring from one account to a similar account, like traditional to another traditional, some accidentally move funds through personal or nonsimilar retirement accounts first. This is considered an indirect transfer and a taxable distribution.



Not Planning for UBTI: Unrelated Business Taxable Income

How does it work?

Unrelated business taxable income (**UBTI**) is money earned by a tax-exempt entity (like your IRA) that's not related to its tax-exempt purpose.

The IRS defines UBTI as "income from a trade or business, regularly carried on, that is not substantially related to the charitable, educational, or other purpose that is the basis of the organization's exemption."

To verify if your investments are deemed UBTI, please consult your tax advisor.



Let's Wrap Up





Getting Started in 3 steps



Open an Entrust Account

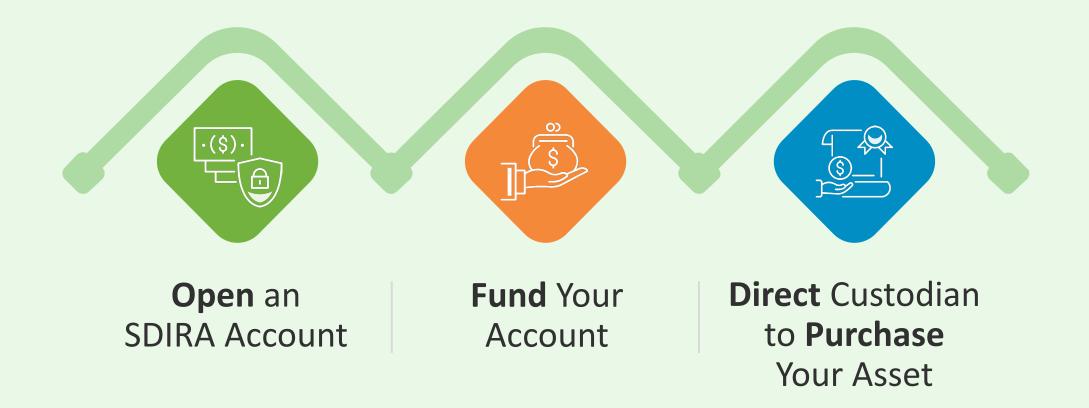


Getting Started in 3 steps





Getting Started in 3 steps





What's Next?

Sending you replay & additional resources

Our follow-up email will include video replay, slides, and more education

Register for February's Webinar

2025 Real Estate Market Trends and Expert Insights





What's Next?

Need more information on SDIRAs?

Visit our website and Learning Center

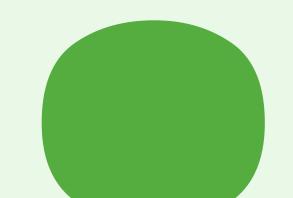
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Question & Answer Session





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